

Attempt the following questions.

- 1) A- Write Coulomb's law for the force between two electric charges Q_1 and Q_2 placed at the points (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) , respectively.
B- Three equal point charges, $Q = 2 \text{ nC}$ are arranged in the plane $z = 0$ at the points $a(0,0,0)$, $b(0,0.4,0)$, and $c(0.3,0,0)$. Distances are in meters. Find:
 - i) The force acting on each charge
 - ii) The potential at each point due to charges at the other two points.
 - iii) The energy stored in the system(13 Marks)
- 2) A uniform line charge $q_L \text{ C/m}$ lies along the z axis. Apply Gauss law to derive an expression for the electrostatic field at a point (ρ, ϕ, z) in cylindrical coordinates. If $q_L = 50 \mu\text{C/m}$, find:
 - i) The electric flux through the surface of the cylinder $\rho = 0.1 \text{ m}$ of height 0.2 m .
 - ii) The force acting on a point charge $q = 2 \text{ nC}$ placed near the line at the point $(0.3 \text{ m}, 0, 0)$(12 Marks)
- 3) A coaxial transmission line is made of two coaxial conducting cylinders. The inner cylinder has a radius a and the outer one has a radius b . The inner cylinder is at potential U and the outer at potential 0 . The space between cylinders is filled with a dielectric of permittivity ϵ .
 - i- Show that the potential V in the space between the cylinders is of the form $V = A \ln r + B$ and find the constants A and B to satisfy the boundary conditions.
 - ii- Determine the electric field E and the flux density D in the space between the conductors.
 - iii- Determine the surface charge density on the inner conductor and the total charge per unit length of this conductor.
 - iv- Determine the capacitance per unit length between the two conductors.(13 Marks)
- 4) A- Write Ampere's law in integral form and in point form.
B- Find the magnetic field due to a current I through an infinite wire along the z axis.
C- Two parallel very long wires carry equal and opposite currents $I, -I$. the distance between the wires is d . Find the magnetic field H at the mid-point between the wires. Show that the field decays away from the two wires.
(12 Marks)